VEGETABLE	VARIETIES	DAYS TO	COMMENTS
- · -		MATURITY	
Snap Beans	Mascotte	50 days	Great for containers
Shap Beans	Rocdor	53 days	Yellow beans
	Provider	50 days	Green beans
Beets	Kestrel	53 days	
	Red Ace	54 days	
	Touchstone Gold	55 days	Golden beet
Cucumbers	Manny	50 days	
	Raider	52 days	
	Stonewall	53 days	
	Regal	52 days	Pickling cucumber
Eggplant	Hansel	55 days	
	Gretel	55 days	
Leaf Lettuce	Black Seeded Simpson	45 days	
	Royal Oakleaf	47 days	
	Slobolt	48 days	
	Green Salad Bowl	48 days	
Kale	Vates	55 days	
Kohlrabi	Winner	<u> </u>	
		54 days	
Okra	Clemson Spineless	55 days	
Peas Snap Peas	Southern Giant Curled	48 days	T
	Knight	62 days	Temperature of the ground 60°F -65°F Start early May
	Little Marvel	63 days	
	Frosty	64 days	
	Super Sugar Snap	63 days	Edible podded peas
	Sugar Sprint	62 days	
Pak Choi	Joi Choi	45 days	Type of cabbage for stir fry
Radishes	French Breakfast	25 days	Most radishes are 20-35 days. An easy
	Icicle (white radish)	32 days	vegetable to grow.
	Red Satin	22 days	
Spinach	Tyee	39 days	Less tendency to bolt in hot weather.
	Whale	37 days	Most spinach is anywhere from 35-50
			days.
Swiss Chard	Large White Rib	60 days	Can eat at any stage.
Zucchini	Elite	48 days	
	Tigress	49 days	
	Eight Ball	42 days	Early round zucchini
Yellow Squash	Summer Ball	45 days	
	Multipik	50 days	
Broccoli	Packman	55 days	Cool Weather Crops- can be put in the
Cauliflower	Snow Crown	50 days	ground earlier.
			-Start seeds at the end of March indoors.
			-Plant outdoors when ground
			temperatures are 60°F -65°F.
			-Can take a light frost.
Peppers	Lady Bell (green)	71 days	Would be hard to have peppers on
	Sunsation (yellow)	70 days	plants by Fair time. Can grow in
	New Ace (red)	65 days	container and be judged for the plant.
			Should start in April.

Remember there are 50 days from Memorial Day to Fair time. This should help you get your seeds planted on time.

- Plan according to your garden site! Local weather conditions and your garden's sun-to-shade ratio are two of the many factors that can greatly affect the actual number of days for a plant to reach maturity.
- Some people can plant earlier than others. But keep in mind the days listed is under favorable conditions.
- For most vegetables the soil temperature for good germination is 70°F -75°F except for your cool-season vegetables.

<u>Cool-season crops:</u> Crops not injured by light frost are asparagus, broad bean, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, collard, garlic, horseradish, kale, kohlrabi, leek, onion, pea, radish, rhubarb, shallot, spinach, turnip. Crops injured by frost but intolerant of temperatures above 70°F are beet, carrot, cauliflower, celery, chard, Chinese cabbage, endive, lettuce, mustard, parsnip, potato, Swiss chard.

<u>Warm-season crops:</u> Crops for planting after danger of frost is past are cantaloupe, cucumber, eggplant, lima bean, New Zealand spinach, pepper, pumpkin, snap bean, squash, sweet corn, sweet potato, tomato and watermelon.

Recommend publication: *Vegetable Fare: Displaying Vegetables at Their Best* http://www.hort.cornell.edu/gbl/toolshed/vegfare.pdf

Any **annual herb**s should be ready by Fair time.

Recommend publication: **Growing Herbs in a Home Garden** can be found at the following site: http://www.gardening.cornell.edu/education/mgprogram/mgmanual/13herbs.pdf

Annual flowers such as marigolds and zinnias will be flowering by July. Recommend publication: **Gardens of Fabulous Flowers** can be found at the following site: http://www.hort.cornell.edu/gbl/pubs/index.html